

(1871-1956)

1. Which year is known as Terrible Year ?
(i) 1815 (ii) 1860
(iii) 1870 (iv) 1871
2. Who was the Foreign Minister of the Third Republic ?
(i) Cambetta (ii) Thiers
(iii) Jules Favre (iv) Napoleon
3. Who was Dreyfus ?
(i) Businessman (ii) Teacher
(iii) Doctor (iv) Commander-in-chief
4. Dreyfus was sent to :
(i) Elba (ii) St. Helna
(iii) Caprera (iv) Devil's Island.
5. Emile Zola was a :
(i) Poet (ii) Novelist
(iii) Philosopher (iv) General
6. Anglo French Entente was concluded in :
(i) 1816 (ii) 1870
(iii) 1904 (iv) 1914
7. Delcasse was the Foreign Minister of :
(i) France. (ii) Germany
(iii) Italy (iv) England
8. Who was the king of Germany in 1871 ?
(i) Bismarck (ii) William I
(iii) William II (iv) Hitler
9. Name the Chancellor of Germany who served from 1871 to 1890 ?
(i) Metternich (ii) Bismarck
(iii) Guizot (iv) Telletrand
10. Franco Prussian war took place in :
(i) 1860 (ii) 1868
(iii) 1870 (iv) 1871
11. Who was defeated in the Franco Prussian war ?
(i) Bismarck (ii) Metternich
(iii) William I (iv) Napoleon III

12. Three Emperors League was concluded in :
 (i) 1860 (ii) 1865
~~(iii) 1873~~ ~~(iv) 1878~~
13. Triple Alliance was concluded among :
~~(i) Germany-Austria-Italy~~ (ii) Germany-Italy-France
 (iii) Italy-England France (iv) Germany-Austria-Japan
14. Bismarck was succeeded by :
 (i) Prince Hohenlohe ~~(ii) Count Caprivi~~
 (iii) Von Bulow (iv) Bethman Hallweg.
15. Algeciras Conference was called in :
 (i) 1904 ~~(ii) 1906~~
 (iii) 1907 (iv) 1905
16. Who was known as Czar the Liberator ?
 (i) Czar Alexander I ~~(ii) Czar Alexander II~~
 (iii) Czar Alexander III (iv) Czar Nicolus.
17. Febiedonoesteff was a :
 (i) Liberal (ii) Conservative
~~(iii) Reactionary~~ (iv) Socialist.
18. Russo-Japanese war broke out in :
 (i) 1900 (ii) 1902
 (iii) 1903 ~~(iv) 1904-05~~
19. First Duma was formed in :
 (i) 1890 (ii) 1900
~~(iii) 1906~~ (iv) 1908
20. Italy is situated in :
~~(i) Europe~~ (ii) Africa
 (iii) Asia (iv) America
21. Which of the following developed nationalism among Italians ?
 (i) Cavour (ii) Garibaldi
 (iii) Mazzini ~~(iv) Napoleon Bonaparte.~~
22. Which continent was known as 'dark continent' in 19th century ?
 (i) Asia (ii) Europe
~~(iii) Africa~~ (iv) America
23. In the scramble of Africa, the greatest portion was occupied by :
 (i) France ~~(ii) England~~
 (iii) Africa (iv) Germany
24. The Congress of Berlin was held in :
 (i) 1871 A. D. (ii) 1890 A. D.
 (iii) 1888 A. D. ~~(iv) 1878 A. D.~~
25. Treaty of San Stefano was concluded on :
~~(i) 3rd March 1878~~ (ii) 5th March 1880
 (iii) 6th June 1881 (iv) 10th May 1882.

26. Who was known as Honest Broker during Congress of Berlin ?
(i) Metternich (ii) Bismarck
(iii) Disraeli (iv) Palmerston
27. First Balkan war came to an end after the treaty of :
(i) Paris (ii) Berlin
(iii) London (iv) Vienna
28. Treaty of Bucharest was signed after :
(i) Russo-Japanese war (ii) Second Balkan War
(iii) First World War (iv) Second World War
29. When did Italy leave the Triple Alliance ?
(i) 1900 (ii) 1915
(iii) 1917 (iv) 1920
30. Which of the following treaties was signed after Russo-Japanese war ?
(i) Treaty of Paris (ii) Treaty of Berlin
(iii) Treaty of Portsmouth (iv) Treaty of Versailles
31. First World War broke out in :
(i) 1912 (ii) 1913
(iii) 1914 (iv) 1920
32. The immediate cause of First World War was :
(i) Press Propaganda
(ii) Policy of William II
(iii) Murder of Archduke Francis Ferdinand
(iv) Policy of England
33. First World War came to an end in :
(i) 1915 (ii) 1916
(iii) 1917 (iv) 1918
34. President Wilson belonged to :
(i) France (ii) Italy
(iii) Germany (iv) America
35. First World War came to an end after the treaty :
(i) London (ii) Berlin
(iii) Paris (iv) Washington
36. Versailles is situated in :
(i) Germany (ii) Italy
(iii) France (iv) England
37. Fourteen Points were put before Germany by :
(i) Lloyd George (ii) Clemenceau
(iii) Orlando (iv) Wilson
38. Name the country where dictatorship was not established after first world war :
(i) France (ii) Italy
(iii) Germany (iv) Spain

39. Which of the following was most active in establishment of League of Nations ?
 (i) Clemenceau (ii) Llyod George
 (iii) Orlando (iv) Wilson
40. League of Nations was formed after :
 (i) First World War (ii) Second World War
 (iii) First Balkan War (iv) Second Balkan War
41. Name the country which did not join the League of Nations :
 (i) Germany (ii) America
 (iii) Spain (iv) England
42. Russia joined League of Nations in :
 (i) 1927 (ii) 1933
 (iii) 1935 (iv) 1937
43. The Head Quarter of League of Nations was at :
 (i) Jeneva (ii) Versailles
 (iii) Rome (iv) Berlin
44. The bombardment at Corfu was done in :
 (i) 1920 (ii) 1921
 (iii) 1922 (iv) 1923
45. Japan gave up the membership of League in :
 (i) 1930 (ii) 1932
 (iii) 1933 (iv) 1934
46. Mandate system was based on the ideology of :
 (i) Wilson (ii) General Smuts
 (iii) Clemenceau (iv) Napoleon III
47. Kaiser William fled to :
 (i) Japan (ii) China
 (iii) Holland (iv) England
48. Name the leader of the first royalists revolt held on March 12, 1920.
 (i) Dr. Wolfgang Von Kapp (ii) William Kaiser
 (iii) Lundendorff (iv) Hitler
49. Last meeting of the League of Nations was held :
 (i) April 1939 (ii) October 1940
 (iii) April 1942 (iv) October 1944
50. The number of states which participated in last meeting of League :
 (i) 30 States (ii) 32 States
 (iii) 34 States (iv) 38 States
51. Chief reason of the down-fall of the League of Nations was :
 (i) Militant Nationalism (ii) Selfishness of big powers
 (iii) Lack of Military power (iv) Treaty of Versailles.

52. Who was the Emperor of Germany during First World War :
(i) William I
(ii) William II
(iii) Bismarck
(iv) Hitler
53. Germany joined the First World War on :
(i) 20th July, 1916
(ii) 30th July, 1914
(iii) 1st Aug., 1914
(iv) 4th August, 1914
54. Nazism cropped up after First World War in :
(i) Italy
(ii) Russia
(iii) Germany
(iv) Spain
55. Hitler was born on :
(i) 20th April, 1887
(ii) 20th April, 1889
(iii) 21st April, 1890
(iv) 21st April, 1891
56. The name of Hitler's famous book was :
(i) Das Capital
(ii) Spirit of the Laws
(iii) Mein Kampf
(iv) Social Contract
57. Who was the first Prime Minister of Weimar Republic ?
(i) Abert
(ii) Bismarck
(iii) Hitler
(iv) None of the above
58. Hitler's Party was known as :
(i) Communist Party
(ii) Socialist Party
(iii) Nazi Party
(iv) Conservative Party
59. The rival of Hitler in the election of 1932 was :
(i) Hindenburge
(ii) Stressman
(iii) Smuts
(iv) Lundendorff
60. Hitler became the Prime Minister of Germany in :
(i) 1930
(ii) 1932
(iii) 1933
(iv) 1934
61. Hitler concluded a Non-Agression Pact with :
(i) France
(ii) England
(iii) Poland
(iv) Austria
62. When did Germany establish her control over Czechoslovakia ?
(i) October, 1938
(ii) 14th March, 1939
(iii) 13th March, 1939
(iv) 20th April, 1940
63. Mussolini's party came to be known as :
(i) Fascist Party
(ii) Nazi Party
(iii) Socialist Party
(iv) Communist Party
64. Mussolini was born in :
(i) 1882
(ii) 1883
(iii) 1884
(iv) 1885
65. Fascist Party was established in Italy on :
(i) March 1919
(ii) March 1920
(iii) March 1921
(iv) March 1922

66. Who was the representative of Italy in big four :
- (i) Orlando (ii) Wilson
(iii) Clemenceau (iv) Mussolini
67. Name the party of Mussolini before First World War ?
- (i) Liberal Party (ii) Fascist Party
(iii) Communist Party (iv) Democratic Party
68. Class struggle came to an end in Italy due to the efforts of :
- (i) Mussolini (ii) Orlando
(iii) Victor Emannual (iv) None of the above
69. Lateran Pact was signed between Pope and Mussolini on :
- (i) 11th February, 1927 (ii) 11th February, 1928
(iii) 11th February, 1929 (iv) 11th February, 1930
70. Treaty between Italy and Yugoslavia was concluded in :
- (i) 1922 (ii) 1924
(iii) 1925 (iv) 1926
71. Italy captured Abyssinia with the help of :
- (i) Germany (ii) France
(iii) England (iv) Russia
72. Who was Sardar Ahmad Jung ?
- (i) Chief of Albania (ii) Ruler of Egypt
(iii) Ruler of Turkey (iv) Italy's Foreign Secretary in Albania
73. Who first of all opposed Mussolini's control over Abyssinia ?
- (i) Germany (ii) Russia
(iii) France (iv) England
74. Italy broke her relations with the League of Nations in :
- (i) 1928 (ii) 1936
(iii) 1937 (iv) 1939
75. Rome-Berlin axis was formed in :
- (i) 1928 (ii) 1933
(iii) 1937 (iv) 1938
76. What type of Government was established in Italy after the Second World War ?
- (i) Fascist Government (ii) Communist Government
(iii) Democratic Government (iv) None of the above
77. Mussolini breathed his last in :
- (i) April 1943 (ii) April 1944
(iii) April 1945 (iv) April 1946
78. Which country adopted the 'Jackal Policy' :
- (i) Italy (ii) Germany
(iii) Russia (iv) England

324 *Modern Europe (1871-1956)*

79. Name the country which did not interfere in Spanish Civil war :
- (i) England (ii) Italy
(iii) Russia (iv) Germany
80. What happened in Italy on 18th April 1945 :
- (i) Mussolini was imprisoned
(ii) Mussolini was shot dead
(iii) Mussolini committed suicide
(iv) Mussolini fled away from Italy
81. How many times revolutions broke out in Russia during 20th century :
- (i) Once (ii) Twice
(iii) Thrice (iv) More than three times
82. Name the year in which first revolution broke out in Russia during 20th century :
- (i) 1900 (ii) 1917
(iii) 1905 (iv) 1906
83. Second Russia Revolution took place in :
- (i) 1917 (ii) 1918
(iii) 1919 (iv) 1920
84. Czar Alexander III was succeeded by :
- (i) Czar Alexander IV (ii) Nicolus III
(iii) Nicolus IV (iv) None of them
85. Name the date and year of Bloody Sunday :
- (i) 20th January, 1904 (ii) 22nd January, 1904
(iii) 20th January, 1906 (iv) 22nd January, 1905
86. First Duma was inaugurated on :
- (i) 10th May 1905 (ii) 5th March 1905
(iii) 10th May 1906 (iv) 10th March 1907
87. Grand Duke Sergius the great reactionary was :
- (i) Murdered (ii) Migrated
(iii) Forced to be liberal (iv) None of the above
88. Who was Rasputin ?
- (i) Mystic saint (ii) Minister
(iii) Close relative of Czar (iv) Educated person of Russia
89. When did Bolshevik revolution broke out in Russia ?
- (i) November 1917 (ii) October 1917
(iii) July 1917 (iv) August 1917
90. Bolshevik revolution was led by :
- (i) Lenin (ii) Trotosky
(iii) Stalin (iv) None of them.
91. The name of the famous book of Karl Marx was :
- (i) Spirit of the laws (ii) Social Contract
(iii) Dass Capital (iv) Mein Kampf

92. Lenin breathed his last in :
 (i) 1922
 (ii) 1924
 (iii) 1926
 (iv) 1927
93. The Bolshevik government's flag was of :
 (i) Red Colour
 (ii) Green Colour
 (iii) Red and White Colour
 (iv) Green and Red Colour
94. Locarno Pact was signed in :
 (i) 1920
 (ii) 1921
 (iii) 1925
 (iv) 1926
95. Disarmament conference held in :
 (i) 1928
 (ii) 1931
 (iii) 1932
 (iv) 1934
96. Second World War broke out in :
 (i) 1929
 (ii) 1939
 (iii) 1949
 (iv) 1950
97. The immediate cause of Second World War was :
 (i) Hitler's assault upon Poland.
 (ii) Hitler's goodbye to League of Nations.
 (iii) Rise of Dictatorship.
 (iv) None of them.
98. U. N. O. was established after :
 (i) Russo-Japanese War
 (ii) First World War
 (iii) Second World War
 (iv) The Battle of Waterloo
99. Atlantic Charter was declared by :
 (i) Roosevelt and Churchill
 (ii) Churchill and Stalin
 (iii) Jawaharlal Nehru and Stalin
 (iv) None of the above.
100. The Head Quarter of UNO is situated at :
 (i) Geneva
 (ii) New York
 (iii) Haig
 (iv) Moscow.
101. Who was elected the President of Third Republic of France after Thiers :
 (i) Machmahon
 (ii) Gambetta
 (iii) Drefus
 (iv) Boulanger.
102. Who declared that he had brought 'peace with honour' for England.
 (i) Gladstone
 (ii) Palmerston
 (iii) Disraeli
 (iv) Robert Peel
103. Drefus was sent to :
 (i) Elba
 (ii) St. Helena
 (iii) Devil's Island
 (iv) Caprera

326 *Modern Europe (1871-1956)*

104. Name the first Chancellor of Germany after the downfall of Bismarck :
- (i) Count Caprivi (ii) Von Bulow
(iii) Bethman Hollweg (iv) Prince Hohenlohe
105. The Young Turk Revolution broke out in :
- (i) 1890 A. D. (ii) 1914 A. D.
(iii) 1905 A. D. (iv) 1908 A. D.
106. The Second Balkan War took place in :
- (i) 1900 A. D. (ii) 1908 A. D.
(iii) 1878 A. D. (iv) 1913 A. D.
107. Archduke Francis Ferdinand was assassinated at :
- (i) Bosnia (ii) Serbia
(iii) Sarajevo (iv) Berlin
108. Name the President of America who represented in the Paris Peace Conference :
- (i) Abraham Lincoln (ii) Wilson
(iii) Lloyd George (iv) Roosevelt
109. When did Rome-Berlin Axis come into being ?
- (i) 1936 A. D. (ii) 1919 A.D.
(iii) 1939 A. D. (iv) 1926 A. D.